§ 101-20.106-2

contracting officer shall advise the agencies' ordering officials in writing of their responsibilities, authorities, and limitations under these contracts and agreements.

- (b) No individual order, or combinations of orders for a single alteration project, shall exceed the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in 41 U.S.C. 252a, and agencies shall not split orders so as to circumvent this limitation.
- (c) For all orders placed against GSA contracts or agreements, agency ordering officials shall obtain prior written project review by GSA and provide a copy of the ordering document and final payment document to the GSA buildings manager. Agencies are responsible for inspecting and certifying satisfactory completion of the work, and for ensuring contractor compliance with contract provisions. The final payment document shall be supported by GSA Form 1142, Release of Claims; GSA Form 2419, Certification of Payments to Subcontractors and Supplies; and certification that the work has been inspected and accepted.
- (d) Agencies may not negotiate with contractors for items not specifically priced under indefinite quantity contracts and/or price agreements.
- (e) Where no GSA contracts or agreements are in effect, an agency may contract directly for services up to the simplified acquisition threshold per project after written review by GSA. Agencies contracting directly must provide GSA with complete documentation of the scope of work and contract specifications at the time of submission. Each project shall include appropriate reviews by the regional safety staff. If contracting for security systems, agencies must submit the design work for regional Federal Protective Service Division review. Agencies shall be responsible for inspecting and certifying satisfactory completion of the ordered work. All work must conform to GSA fire and safety standards. GSA at anytime has the authority to make inspections and require correction if the project is found not in compliance with GSA reviews or fire and safety standards. As-built drawings must be submitted to GSA's buildings

manager within 30 days of completion of the work.

[52 FR 11263, Apr. 8, 1987, as amended at 62 FR 1057, Jan. 8, 1997]

§ 101-20.106-2 Limitations on provision of reimbursable services by GSA.

In order to reduce processing costs of documents and to improve efficiency of service delivery, requests for reimbursable work to be performed or arranged by GSA may be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) Individual work authorizations (e.g., GSA Form 2957's) for which total expenses as estimated by GSA are less than \$500 need not be processed by GSA, but may be returned to the requesting agency. Unless the work is related to security or required to correct an unhealthful or unsafe condition, occupant agencies may be required to hold all such requests until the reimbursable work in question can be aggregated into a single request for at least \$500.
- (b) The restrictions of paragraph (a) of this section are not mandatory, but may be applied by GSA when their application is in the best interests of the Government from the standpoint of cost effectiveness.
- (c) The restrictions of paragraph (a) of this section do not apply to orders placed against existing blanket or open-end authorizations which exceed \$500 and which show obligated and unused fund balances sufficient to perform the work.
- (d) Agencies requesting reimbursable services are responsible for verifying and approving GSA estimates within 30 calendar days following submission of such estimates to the requester. Reimbursable work requests for which estimates have not been approved within 30 days will be canceled.

§ 101-20.107 Energy conservation.

Agencies shall comply with the energy conservation guidelines set forth in 10 CFR part 436 (Federal Energy Management and Planning Programs) and shall observe the energy conservation policies cited herein.

(a) Agencies shall ensure that lights and equipment are turned off when not needed, that ventilation is not blocked

or impeded, and that windows and other building accesses are closed during the heating and cooling seasons.

- (b) Except where special circumstances exist, illumination levels shall be maintained as near as is practical to the following standards:
- (1) 50 foot-candles at work station surfaces, measured at a height of 30 inches above floor level, during working hours (For visually difficult or critical tasks, additional lighting may be authorized by the GSA buildings manager or by agencies that have been given delegated authority to perform buildings management functions.);
- (2) 30 foot-candles in work areas during working hours, measured at 30 inches above floor level;
- (3) 10 foot-candles, but not less than 1 foot-candle nonwork areas, sufficient to ensure safety in non-work areas during working hours. (Normally this will require levels of 5 foot-candles at elevator boarding areas, minimum of 1 foot-candle at the middle of corridors and stairwells as measured at the walking surface, and 1 foot-candle at the middle of corridors and stairwells as measured at the walking surface, and 10 foot-candles in storage areas.); and
- (4) Other lighting essential for safety and security purposes, including exit signs and exterior lights, shall be maintained.
- (c) Within the limitations of the building systems, heating and cooling systems shall be operated in the most overall energy efficient and economical manner.
- (1) Temperatures will be maintained to maximize customer satisfaction by conforming to local commercial equivalent temperature levels and operating practices. GSA will seek to minimize energy use while operating its buildings in this manner. During non-working hours, heating temperatures shall be set no higher than 55 degrees Fahrenheit and air-conditioning will not be provided except as necessary to return space temperatures to a suitable level for the beginning of working hours.
- (2) The locations used for measurement of temperatures to determine compliance will be representative of the spaces to be heated or cooled.

- (3) Work stations which are the most adversely affected may be the basis for establishing the temperature levels throughout that portion of the building.
- (4) Reheating, humidification, and simultaneous heating and cooling shall not be permitted.
- (5) During extreme weather conditions, building systems shall be operated as necessary to protect the physical condition of the building.
- (d) The operation of portable heaters, fans, and other such devices in Government-controlled space is prohibited unless authorized by the GSA buildings manager or by agencies that have been given delegated authority to perform buildings management functions.
- (e) During working hours in periods of heating and cooling, provide ventilation in accordance with ASHRAE Standard 62, *Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality* where physically practical. Where not physically practical, provide the maximum allowable amount of ventilation during periods of heating and cooling and pursue opportunities to increase ventilation up to current standards. ASHRAE Standard 62 is available from ASHRAE Publications Sales, 1791 Tullie Circle NE, Atlanta, GA 30329-2305.
- (f) Energy standards for existing buildings will be no less stringent than those prescribed by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers and the Illuminating Engineering Society of North American in ASHRAE/IES Standard 90A-1980 as amended by Department of Energy (DOE). These energy standards are applicable where they can be achieved through life cycle, cost effective actions.
- (g) Exceptions to the foregoing policies may be necessary for specialized requirements of for agencies to accomplish their missions more effectively and efficently. Such exceptions may be granted by the GSA buildings manager or by agencies that have been given delegated authority to perform buildings management functions.
- (h) Contracting officers shall ensure that all new lease contracts are in conformance with the policies prescribed

§ 101-20.108

in this §101-20.107. Existing lease contracts shall be administered in accordance with these policies to the maximum extent feasible.

(i) Each agency shall report to the Department of Energy (DOE) the energy consumption in buildings, facilities, vehicles, and equipment under its control within 45 calendar days after the end of each quarter as specified in the DOE Federal Energy usage Report DOE F 6200.2 instructions. This report has been cleared in accordance with FPMR 101-11.11, Interagency Reports Management Program, and assigned interagency report control number 1492 DOE OU.

[52 FR 11263, Apr. 8, 1987; 52 FR 24158, July 29, 1987, as amended at 60 FR 17653, Apr. 7, 1995]

§ 101-20.108 Staggered hours of duty.

- (a) The GSA Regional Administrator, National Capital Region, is responsible for putting into effect the policy of maintaining staggered duty hours in Metropolitan Washington, DC. For purposes of this regulation, "Metropolitan Washington" means the Washington Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) as defined by the Department of Commerce.
- (b) Any agency planning a change in its schedule of duty hours which will affect 50 or more employees shall submit the changes to the GSA Regional Administrator, (WA) Washington, DC, 20407, for approval prior to implementation. The agency shall indicate the number of employees affected, the present and proposed hours of duty, and the reasons for the change in schedule. The agency shall also coordinate with the employees and their union(s) to determine the percentage of employees in favor of the proposed change.
- (c) The GSA Regional Administrator, National Capital Region, shall coordinate the proposed change with appropriate authorities to ensure that the change will not create congestion or disruptions in traffic or transportation flow patterns.

(d) GSA and other Federal agencies may also consider the advisability of establishing staggered duty hours in areas outside Metropolitan Washington where major concentrations of Federal employees exist.

§ 101-20.109 Concessions.

- (a) The provisions of this section do not apply to blind vending facilities operated under the Randolph-Sheppard Act (20 U.S.C. 107 *et seq.*); regulations governing this program are continued in subpart 101–20.2.
- (b) GSA is responsible for the planning, provision, and administration of essential concessions in buildings under its control. GSA will enter into and award concessions contracts, provide suitable space and facilities, if required, and administer applicable inspection and oversight functions. Officials of occupant agencies shall convey concerns to GSA and shall not instruct concessionaires regarding their operations.
- (c) Subject to the availability of space, prior to establishing concessions, GSA will ensure that:
- (1) The proposed concession will offer only essential services which are needed by employees, and which cannot be conveniently obtained from existing facilities, (Consultation will be held with occupant agencies.);
- (2) The proposed concession will be established and operated in conformance with applicable policies, safety, health, and sanitation codes, laws, regulations, etc., and will not contravene the terms of any lease or other contractual arrangement;
- (3) Sufficient funds are legally available to cover all costs for which the Government may be responsible; and
- (4) All contracts will be financially self-supporting and not compete with nearby commercial enterprise.
- (d) Public Law 104-52, Section 636, prohibits the sale of tobacco products in vending machines in Government-owned and leased space under the custody and control of GSA. The Administrator of GSA or the head of an Agency may designate areas not subject to the

 $^{^1\}mathrm{EDITORIAL}$ NOTE: At 50 FR 26908, June 28, 1985, 41 CFR part 101–11 was recodified as 41 CFR parts 201–22 and 201–45. The reference to FPMR 101–11.11 should read FIRMR 201–45.6.